

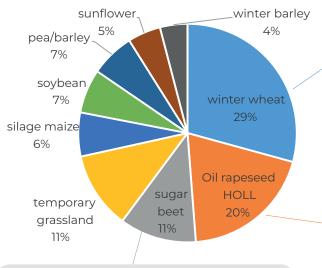
Vincent Delay's farm: diversification and maximum reduction of chemical inputs



The Farm

Vincent Delay starts farming in 2022 following a previous activity in agricultural machinery **Farm community with his father** - two different activities but common crop rotation **Cultivated agricultural area**: 77 ha

IPSuisse label and extensive production system since 2020 - Start of the pesticide reduction strategy 8 years ago



- One part: direct sowing in living frost sensitive cover crop other part: soil preparation without ploughing and sowing
- Varietal mixture
- 2 passes of harrow at the end of winter with incorporation of the fertilizer and undersowing

TFI (19-21)	Yield	Price (CHF)	Premiums
1.4	7 T/ha	500 + 230/ T	650/ha

- Heavy tine cultivator to destroy frozen cover crop then rotary harrow and
- Sulfonylurea-resistant variety

single-seed drill

- Fertilization on the row at sowing
- 1 herbicide on the whole surface, later 1 herbicide band application combined with hoeing and row fertilization. Addition of biostimulants and minerals during the crop, including copper for foliar protection
- Flower strips along the plots

TFI (22)	Yield	Price (CHF)	Premiums
1.5	80 T/ha	50/T + 60/10 T	3900/ha

- Soil cultivation
- Early sowing (before August 15th) with precision seed-drill and localized fertilization, herbicide band application
- Early hoeing (mid-sept) = fast coverage undersowing
- Cutting the rape before winter to avoid elongation (13cm high)
- Biostimulants in autumn and winter

TFI (19-21)	Yield	Price (CHF)	Premiums
1.4	4 T/ha	810 + 220/T	650/ha





Average farm TFI (all crops)



- 9 crops = diversified system including temporary grassland
- Reduced tillage, periodic ploughing, occasional direct sowing
- Access to several sophisticated mechanical weeding and cover destruction machines
- Use of plant health biostimulants and biocontrol products
- Cover crops always sown directly after harvest except after rapeseed (tillage)





